

§ 632.75

(3) Eligibility requirements for services as provided in this part;

(4) Requirements for public health or safety, labor standards, civil rights, occupational safety or health, or environmental protection; or

(5) Prohibitions or restrictions relating to construction of buildings or facilities.

(d) Waivers granted shall be effective for no more than four years from the date the waiver is granted.

[60 FR 58229, Nov. 27, 1995]

§ 632.75 General responsibilities of Native American grantees.

This subpart sets out program operation requirements for Native American grantees including program management, linkages, coordination and consultation, allowable activities, participant benefits and duration of participation provisions. It also sets forth the responsibilities of Native American grantees with respect to non-discrimination and equitable provision of services.

§ 632.76 Program management systems.

(a) All Native American grantees shall establish management information systems to control and assess all programs. Native American grantees must institute and maintain effective systems for the overall management of all programs including:

(1) Eligibility verification systems as described in § 632.77;

(2) Complaint and hearing procedures as described in part 636; and

(3) Mechanisms for taking immediate corrective action where problems have been identified and for restitution of JTPA funds for improper expenditures.

(b) All Native American grantees shall establish and maintain financial management and participant tracking systems in accordance with § 632.32 and § 632.77. The principal objectives of such systems shall be to provide the Native American grantee with systems necessary to effectively manage its program and to provide information necessary to design program activities and delivery mechanisms and complete Federal required reports.

(c) Each Native American grantee shall establish and use procedures for

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the continuous, systematic assessment of program performance in relation to the performance standards and goals contained in its CAP.

(d) Native American grantees shall establish and use procedures whereby the information collected and assessments conducted shall be considered in subsequent program planning and in the selection of service deliverers.

§ 632.77 Participant eligibility determination.

(a) Each Native American grantee, and any subgrantees or contractors assigned responsibility for the determination of participant eligibility, shall be responsible for developing and maintaining a system which reasonably ensures an accurate determination and subsequent verification of eligibility based on the information presented at the time of application.

(b) The ultimate responsibility for the selection of participants and the maintenance of participant records rests with the Native American grantee. However, the Native American grantee may assign the administration of this responsibility to subgrantees of contractors. The selected agency must provide adequate documentation of each participant's eligibility and retain in the participant's folder the information on which this determination is based.

(c) The eligibility determination shall be based upon a signed, completed, application form which records all information necessary to determine eligibility, which attests that the information on the application is true to the best of the applicant's knowledge and acknowledging that such information is subject to verification and that falsification of the application shall be grounds for the participant's termination and may subject the applicant to prosecution under law. In the case of an applicant who is a minor (except minors who are emancipated or heads of households), the signature of the parent, responsible adult or guardian is also required.

(d) Native American grantees shall maintain documentation to ensure the credibility of the eligibility determination, which shall at a minimum:

(1) Include a completed application for participation;

(2) Include records of all actions taken to correct deficiencies in the eligibility determination procedures; and

(3) Show compliance with section 504 of the Act.

(e) A participant determined to be ineligible shall immediately be terminated.

(f) A Native American grantee may enter into an agreement with a State employment security agency (SESA) or other independent agency or organization as may be approved by the Department, for the verification of applicant eligibility within 45 days of enrollment. The Native American grantee shall monitor such verification procedures to ensure that erroneous verifications are not made deliberately or with insufficient care.

(g) Participants may be transferred from one JTPA program to another, from one Native American grantee to another, from a Native American grantee to a SDA grant recipient, from a SDA grant recipient to a Native American grantee, or concurrently enrolled in programs sponsored by Native American grantees or SDA grant recipients, provided, except for age requirements, they were eligible for the subsequent or concurrent program when they were first enrolled.

(h) Eligibility determinations for each program shall be made at the time of application. Applicants determined eligible may be enrolled as participants within 45 days of the date of the application without an update of the information on the application provided they did not obtain full-time permanent unsubsidized employment in the interim. This provision does not apply to the title II-B program.

(i) Aliens described in section 167(a)(5) of the Act and who otherwise meet the eligibility requirements for programs under this part, may participate in a program if this is permitted by Indian law or the Native American grantee.

§ 632.78 Training activities.

Native American grantees shall design and operate programs funded under the Act which support growth and development as determined by rep-

resentatives of the Indian and Native American communities and groups served (sec. 401(a)). Training shall be only for occupations for which there is a demand in the area served or in another area to which the participant is willing to relocate, and consideration in the selection of training programs may be given to training in occupations determined to be in sectors of the economy which have a potential for sustained demand or growth. The CAP will provide evidence based on local labor market information that occupational demand exists for planned training. The basic types of training activities available to Native American grantees, subgrantees and contractors include, but are not limited, to the following:

(a) *Classroom training.* This program activity is any training of the type normally conducted in an institutional setting, including vocational education, and designed to provide individuals with the technical skills and information required to perform a specific job or group of jobs. It may be coupled with other employment and training activities and may also include training designed to enhance the employability of individuals by upgrading basic skills, through the provision of courses such as remedial education, GED, training in the primary language of persons with limited English-speaking proficiency, or English-as-a-second-language training.

(b) *On-the-job training.* (1) On-the-job training (OJT) is training in the private or public sector given to a participant, who has been hired first by the employer, and which occurs while the participant is engaged in productive work which provides knowledge or skills essential to the full and adequate performance of the job. This does not preclude a participant who has been hired by and received OJT from one employer from being ultimately placed with another employer. Innovative approaches to financing, particularly involving the sharing of training costs by the private sector are to be encouraged.

(2) OJT may be coupled with other JTPA employment and training activities. As needed, OJT participants may receive any of the employment and